

Учебные материалы

Тесты

GRAMMAR TEST 1 (A)

1. There's a growing **need** expensive rented accommodation in large cities.
a. in b. for c. of d. on
2. July has seen a large **rise** the number of unemployed.
a. for b. with c. in d. to
3. There has been a steady **decrease** the number of doctors..
a. by b. in c. for d. with
4. Thanks for the invitation your birthday party.
a. in b. to c. by d. on
5. Reactions the proposal so far have been favourable.
a. to b. of c. between d. in
6. Have you been in contact Andrew recently?
a. to b. with c. by d. on
7. I try to reply letters the day I receive them.
a. with b. to c. along d. across
8. The government's attitude the refugees is not sympathetic.
a. in b. about c. over d. to
9. It's thought that his connections the Mafia helped his singing career.
a. to b. along c. in d. with
10. There isn't enough contact teachers and parents.
a. between b. with c. to d. among
11. I found Anna's flat losing her address.
a. although b. though c. in spite of d. despite
12. There was a lot of noise from the disco every night, but this we thought our hotel was very good.
a. although b. despite the fact that c. in spite of d. though
13. Have you heard the news on the radio? It sounds the traffic is bad this morning.
a. though b. as though c. as d. in spite of
14. I'm buying too many things at the moment. I'm spending money as if a

18. Have you got any oranges? No, sorry. I'm afraid we won't have any Monday.

- a. by the time b. until c. by d. between

19. Can I invite Tanya and Joe to lunch on Saturday? Of course, you do some of cooking. I don't want to do it all myself.

- a. so long as b. unless c. as if d. when

20. I felt very tired last night I had worked very hard yesterday.

- a. as b. when c. although d. unless

21. I can't afford to buy a new television. They are

- a. expensive enough b. still expensive c. too expensive
d. already expensive

22. The instructions for this DVD player are long. They could be much shorter.

- a. unnecessary b. very unnecessary c. unnecessarily d. a bit unnecessary

23. Jane and Timothy after their long walk in the country.

- a. both were feeling tired b. were feeling both tired
c. were both feeling tired d. but were being tired

24. Jane booked the holiday to South America, it was very expensive. It was a place she really wanted to visit.

- a. even b. even if c. even though d. as if

25. I try

- a. every morning to exercise b. to exercise every morning
c. every morning to exercise d. exercising

26. It was way to the hotel that when we arrived it was nearly dark.

- a. such long b. so long c. such a long d. as long as

27. We'll have to walk a bit if we want to arrive on time.

- a. faster b. more fast c. more fastly d. fastly

28. The concert wasn't very successful. There was there.

- a. hardly anybody b. hardly any c. hardly ever d. hardly anywhere

29. Have you seen a box anywhere? No. Sorry.

- a. small plastic brown b. brown small plastic
c. small brown plastic d. plastic small brown

- a. in the car b. me c. in a few minutes d. under the car
36. Helen started a new job
 a. on last Monday b. at last Monday c. last Monday d. by last Monday
37. More and more people are leaving the country a new life in the city.
 a. for b. to c. of d. about
38. It was late when we last night so we went straight to bed.
 a. got to home b. got in home c. got home d. had got home
39. Do you like classical music? I'm not really music at all, actually.
 a. interested in b. interested about c. interested of d. interested with
40. Jane and Thomas went to the theatre and saw play last night.
 a. a quite exciting b. quite an exciting
 c. pretty an exciting d. exciting
41. Rather than pay a window cleaner, Mike decided to clean the windows
 a. himself b. by him c. of his own d. by himself
42. Susan had lunch with yesterday.
 a. a friend of her own b. her own friend c. a friend of hers d. own friend
43. Jim knows who has a house in the south of France, so we're going there on holiday next summer.
 a. someone b. anyone c. no-one d. none
44. This box of chocolates was full, now it's empty. What happened? I'm afraid I ate while you were out shopping.
 a. all them b. all of them c. every of d. all
45. these apples is bad.
 a. Every of b. Every one of c. All of d. Some
46. The car alarm went off five minutes throughout the night.
 a. each b. every c. all d. any
47. Didn't a library here? Yes. It was knocked down three years ago.
 a. it used to be b. somewhere used to be
 c. there used to be d. used it to be
48. I was sick for last week but now I'm better.
 a. few days b. a few days c. any days d. no days
49. The trip was very pleasant. We problems.
 a. hadn't any b. had no c. had little d. hadn't had a
50. Do you have any DVDs? I have, but not many.

- a. who I washed b. what I washed c. I washed d. what I washed
56. in the shop window is discounted by 20%.
- a. Everything that is b. Everything is
c. Everything where is d. All
57. The park was near the river.
- a. we went b. where we went c. to where we went d. we had gone
58. This is the shop used to work.
- a. that I b. which I c. where I d. who I
59. A teacher is helps people learn.
- a. someone who b. who c. someone which d. anyone which
60. The police chased the robbers, they caught.
- a. of whom b. three of whom c. whom three of d. that three of
61. Francis didn't get the job because he wasn't
- a. too experienced b. enough experienced
c. experienced enough d. experienced too
62. I'm afraid what you're asking is I can't do it.
- a. rather impossible b. fairly impossible
c. quite impossible d. too impossible
63. Sue has three sisters and one brother.
- a. old b. elder c. eldest d. older
64. James can swim really He's the captain of the swimming team.
- a. good b. well c. better d. best
65. Don't forget to send your mother a birthday card. I've done it I sent her one this morning.
- a. still b. already c. yet d. just
66. Tim was when he got home he fell asleep immediately.
- a. so tired b. such a tired c. such tired d. tired too
67. What was the film like? It was great. I in my life.
- a. never have laughed so much b. have never laughed so much
c. never so much have laughed d. never had laughed so
68. We saw a comedy film at the cinema last night but unfortunately it wasn't
- a. very amusing b. too amused c. amusingly enough d. still amused
69. Did you have a busy day at work? Not really. It wasn't it normally is.

74. Will the last bus have gone the film finishes?
 a. when b. by c. by the time d. until
75. Have you heard the news on the radio? It sounds the traffic is bad this morning.
 a. if b. though c. as though d. as
76. That looks Anna waving to us from the bus stop. Shall we go and talk to her?
 a. that b. like c. as d. as if
77. Will you have time to go to the post office in town?
 a. while you're b. while you'll be c. during you'll be d. as you are
78. John told me his phone number and I wrote it down. Then I repeated it to him it down wrongly.
 a. in case I write b. in case I'd written c. if I'd written d. if I'' write
79. I found Anna's flat losing her address.
 a. although b. though c. in spite d. despite
80. my aunt and uncle visited us last week they took us for dinner at a very nice restaurant.
 a. As b. Since c. When d. Because of
81. Please don't everything that goes wrong.
 a. blame me for b. blame me on c. blame me d. blame for me
82. I moved to Hollandbecause I got a job in Amsterdam.
 a. in the 2001 b. on 2001 c. in 2001 d. at 2001
83. We were waiting for the bus so we decided to walk.
 a. fed up with b. fed up about c. aware of d. aware about
84. Where are my glasses? I think they are on the table
 a. by your bed b. at your bed c. next your bed d. under your bed
85. The police told the bank robbers to the car with their hands in the air.
 a. get out b. get out of c. get off d. get on
86. Don't me. Carry on and I'll catch you up.
 a. wait about b. wait for c. wait of d. wait to
87. We agreed to meet an hour before the football match.
 a. in Jack's house b. at Jack's house
 c. Jack's house d. above Jack's house
88. Please can you why you are late?

- a. wash up b. take up c. turn out d. turn down
93. We're to Hawaii at the end of the month.
- a. turning out b. ending up c. going away d. ending off
94. Tim asked some students who were playing football if he could
- a. try out b. join in c. get on with d. dry on
95. The robber when he realized someone had seen him break the shop window.
- a. looked out b. got back c. ran off d. looked though
96. Why don't you with Paul? I don't know. I guess we just don't like each other.
- a. get on b. fall out c. make it up d. make for
97. Gary was exhausted after working in the garden all day so he went inside to
- a. sort it out b. lie down c. let himself out d. let on
98. It took firefighters three weeks to the forest fire.
- a. put out b. finish off c. tidy up d. tidy away
99. How did you at the doctor's? Fine. There's nothing wrong with me.
- a. get on b. work out c. call in d. call at
100. It's raining again. They say it will by lunchtime, though.
- a. clear up b. cut down c. run out d. run away

GRAMMAR TEST 1 (B)

1. There's a growing **need** expensive rented accommodation in large cities.
a. in b. for c. of d. on
2. July has seen a large **rise** the number of unemployed.
a. for b. with c. in d. to
3. There has been a steady **decrease** the number of doctors..
a. by b. in c. for d. with
4. Thanks for the **invitation** your wedding.
a. in b. to c. by d. on
5. **Reactions** the offer so far have been favourable.
a. to b. of c. between d. in
6. Have you been in **contact** Nick recently?
a. to b. with c. by d. on
7. We try to **reply** letters the day I receive them.
a. with b. to c. along d. across
8. The governor's **attitude** the refugees is not sympathetic.
a. in b. about c. over d. to
9. It's thought that his **connections** the Mafia helped his dancing career.
a. to b. along c. in d. with
10. There isn't enough **contact** teachers and pupils.
a. between b. with c. to d. among
11. I found Den's office losing her address.
a. although b. though c. in spite of d. despite
12. There was a lot of noise from the club every night, but this we thought our house was very good.
a. although b. despite the fact that c. in spite of d. though
13. Have you heard the news on TV? It sounds the traffic is bad this evening.
a. though b. as though c. as d. in spite of
14. I'm buying too many items at the moment. I'm spending money as if a millionaire.
a. I'm b. I will be c. I was d. I has been
15. They've been looking for a new house ages.
a. for b. during c. while d. above

- a. so long as b. unless c. as if d. when
20. We felt very tired last night we had worked very hard yesterday.
- a. as b. when c. although d. unless
21. I can't afford to buy a new flat. They are
- a. expensive enough b. still expensive
- c. too expensive d. already expensive
22. The instructions for this video recorder are long. They could be much shorter.
- a. unnecessary b. very unnecessary c. unnecessarily d. a bit unnecessary
23. Jack and Maria after their long walk in the country.
- a. both were feeling tired b. were feeling both tired
- c. were both feeling tired d. but were being tired
24. Jane booked the holiday to Japan, it was very expensive. It was a place she really wanted to visit.
- a. even b. even if c. even though d. as if
25. They try
- a. every morning to exercise b. to exercise every morning
- c. every morning to exercise d. exercising
26. It was way to the hotel that when they arrived it was nearly dark.
- a. such long b. so long c. such a long d. as long as
27. They'll have to walk a bit if they want to arrive on time.
- a. faster b. more fast c. more fastly d. fastly
28. The play wasn't very successful. There was there.
- a. hardly anybody b. hardly any c. hardly ever d. hardly anywhere
29. Have you seen a box anywhere? No. Sorry.
- a. small plastic brown b. brown small plastic
- c. small brown plastic d. plastic small brown
30. Do you think Tom is?
- a. as tall than me b. taller than me c. tallest than me d. more taller than I
31. Jane and Nick went to the theatre because it was too far to walk.
- a. in their car b. by their car c. on their car d. with their car
32. Let's go shopping in town tomorrow. Good idea. I'll meet youat twelve.

38. It was late when they last night so they went straight to bed.
 a. got to home b. got in home c. got home d. had got home
39. Do you like pop music? I'm not really music at all, actually.
 a. interested in b. interested about c. interested of d. interested with
40. Ann and Sam went to the theatre and saw play last night.
 a. a quite exciting b. quite an exciting
 c. pretty an exciting d. exciting
41. Rather than pay a window cleaner, Tom decided to clean the windows
 a. himself b. by him c. of his own d. by himself
42. Helen had dinner with yesterday.
 a. a friend of her own b. her own friend c. a friend of hers d. own friend
43. Tom knows who has a house in the south of Germany, so we're going there on holiday next summer.
 a. someone b. anyone c. no-one d. none
44. This box of chocolates was full, now it's empty. What happened? I'm afraid I ate while you were out shopping.
 a. all them b. all of them c. every of d. all
45. these oranges is bad.
 a. Every of b. Every one of c. All of d. Some
46. The car alarm went off six minutes throughout the night.
 a. each b. every c. all d. any
47. Didn't a hotel here? Yes. It was knocked down three years ago.
 a. it used to be b. somewhere used to be
 c. there used to be d. used it to be
48. She was sick for last week but now she's better.
 a. few days b. a few days c. any days d. no days
49. The trip was very pleasant. They problems.
 a. hadn't any b. had no c. had little d. hadn't had a
50. Do you have any CDs? I have, but not many.
 a. few b. a few c. little d. a little
51. This radio doesn't work any more. Don't worry. I know can fix it.
 a. someone, who b. someone, that c. someone who d. someone which
52. A taxi driver helped me change the wheel on my was very kind of him.
 a. car, which b. car, that c. car that d. car who

a. we went b. where we went c. to where we went d. we had gone

58. This is the super market..... used to work.

a. that I b. which I c. where I d. who I

59. A teacher is helps people learn.

a. someone who b. who c. someone which d. anyone which

60. The police chased the murders, they caught.

a. of whom b. three of whom c. whom three of d. that three of

61. Charles didn't get the job because he wasn't

a. too experienced b. enough experienced
c. experienced enough d. experienced too

62. I'm afraid what you're asking is I can't do it.

a. rather impossible b. fairly impossible
c. quite impossible d. too impossible

63. Kate has two sisters and one brother.

a. old b. elder c. eldest d. older

64. Sam can swim really He's the captain of the swimming team.

a. good b. well c. better d. best

65. Don't forget to send your sister a birthday card. I've done it I sent her one this morning.

a. still b. already c. yet d. just

66. James was when he got home he fell asleep immediately.

a. so tired b. such a tired c. such tired d. tired too

67. What was the play like? It was great. I in my life.

a. never have laughed so much b. have never laughed so much
c. never so much have laughed d. never had laughed so

68. We saw a comedy film at the cinema last night but unfortunately it wasn't

a. very amusing b. too amused c. amusingly enough d. still amused

69. Did you have a busy day at work? Not really. It wasn't it normally is.

a. as busy as b. so busy than c. more busy as d. too busy

70. The traffic in the capital is ... now than it has never been.

a. worse b. bad c. the worst d. as bad

71. You can't borrow books unless a member of the library.

a. you had been b. you'll be c. you aren't d. you're

morning.

a. if b. though c. as though d. as

76. That looksKate waving to us from the bus stop. Shall we go and talk to her?

a. that b. like c. as d. as if

77. Will you have time to go to the super market in town?

a. while you're b. while you'll be c. during you'll be d. as you are

78. Sam told me his phone number and I wrote it down. Then I repeated it to him it down wrongly.

a. in case I write b. in case I'd written c. if I'd written d. if I'' write

79. I found Helen's flat losing her address.

a. although b. though c. in spite d. despite

80. my aunt and uncle visited us last week they took us for dinner at a very nice restaurant.

a. As b. Since c. When d. Because of

81. Please don't everything that goes wrong.

a. blame me for b. blame me on c. blame me d. blame for me

82. I moved to Hollandbecause I got a job in Amsterdam.

a. in the 2001 b. on 2001 c. in 2001 d. at 2001

83. They were waiting for the bus so they decided to walk.

a. fed up with b. fed up about c. aware of d. aware about

84. Where are my glasses? I think they are on the table

a. by your bed b. at your bed c. next your bed d. under your bed

85. The police told the bank robbers to the car with their hands in the air.

a. get out b. get out of c. get off d. get on

86. Don't me. Carry on and I'll catch you up.

a. wait about b. wait for c. wait of d. wait to

87. They agreed to meet an hour before the football match.

a. in Tom's house b. at Tom's house
c. Tom's house d. above Tom's house

88. Please can you why you are late?

a. explain me b. explain to me c. explain about d. explain with me

89. Ann phoned to say she can't come to the cinema. It's her to cancel at the last moment.

94. Tom asked some students who were playing football if he could
 a. try out b. join in c. get on with d. dry on
95. The robber when he realized someone had seen him break the shop window.
 a. looked out b. got back c. ran off d. looked though
96. Why don't you with Jim? I don't know. I guess we just don't like each other.
 a. get on b. fall out c. make it up d. make for
97. George was exhausted after working in the garden all day so he went inside to
 a. sort it out b. lie down c. let himself out d. let on
98. It took firefighters three weeks to the forest fire.
 a. put out b. finish off c. tidy up d. tidy away
99. How did you at the doctor's? Fine. There's nothing wrong with me.
 a. get on b. work out c. call in d. call at
100. It's snowing again. They say it will by lunchtime, though.
 a. clear up b. cut down c. run out d. run away

Task 1. Match the texts with their titles

TEXT 1.

Communication is sharing information or providing entertainment by speaking, writing, or other methods. Probably the most important type of communication is personal communication, which happens when people make their thoughts and wishes known to one another. People communicate in many ways, including by talking, by moving their hands, and even by making faces. People also use telephone calls and letters for personal communication. Without personal communication, parents would not know what their children need. Teachers could not help their students learn. Friends could not make plans with one another. People could not share knowledge. Each person would have to learn everything for himself or herself. In fact, human beings probably could not survive for long.

TEXT 2.

Communication is all around us. Most large cities have at least one daily newspaper. We often see the letter carriers that deliver mail. The air around us contains invisible television signals that can be picked up and changed into sounds and pictures by a TV set. We use communication in many ways at home, in school, in business and industry, and in world affairs.

At Home, we use many types of personal and mass communication. A clock radio may wake us up in the morning, tell us the time and what weather to expect, and report the day's news. A telephone allows us to talk privately to persons nearby or far away. A note from someone in the family may say that a friend has called or remind us of an appointment.

A newspaper provides many kinds of communication. Some articles, such as news stories and recipes, furnish information. Other features, such as comic strips and humorous articles, are mostly for fun.

Millions of people watch television for amusement during their free time. But TV provides more than just entertainment. Most people get about two-thirds of their news from TV news broadcasts. TV commercials also provide information on products and services.

In School, teachers use a variety of communication methods to help their students learn. Often, they lecture to an entire class or guide a group discussion. At other times, teachers help students individually.

Textbooks are probably the type of mass communication used most often in school. About one-fourth of the books sold in the United States are schoolbooks.

Teachers also use many other communication devices, including filmstrips, posters, tape recordings, and motion pictures. Educational films give students many experiences they could never have in real life. Actors and actresses re-create important events in history, such as the French Revolution or Christopher Columbus' landing in America. Motion pictures take students to distant worlds, such as the ocean bottom or the South Pole. Animated cartoons show processes that students could not otherwise see, such as the working of an automobile engine or how the human body fights germs.

Many classrooms have TV sets that receive specially prepared lessons by

TEXT 3.

Nearly every large business has workers throughout the country, such as employees at branch offices and salespeople calling on customers. For this reason, businesses need fast, dependable communication. Much business communication takes place by telephone or by a device called a teletypewriter, which sends and receives written messages over wires. Using such communication, a chain of stores can change the price of an item in all its stores in a few minutes. Before the days of speedy communication, it would have taken weeks to inform every store.

Many businesses have a communication network consisting of two or more computers linked by private telephone lines. The computers exchange vast quantities of data at high speed.

Most large corporations also print their own magazines or newspapers for their employees. These publications are called house organs. They provide information about the company's plans, new products, and other matters. A large business may also communicate with its employees by closed-circuit television and may produce its own training films and videotape recordings.

TEXT 4.

In the days before modern fast communication, news traveled slowly between nations. The long time needed to receive messages sometimes caused problems. For example, the War of 1812 might never have happened if there had been telegraphs or telephones then. The war began partly because Great Britain interfered with U.S. shipping. The United States declared war on Britain on June 18, 1812. Two days before the declaration, Britain had announced it would stop interfering with U.S. shipping. But the news had to cross the Atlantic Ocean by ship and did not reach the United States until the fighting had begun. Faster communication also would have prevented the chief battle of the war. Soldiers fought the battle at New Orleans in January 1815, 15 days after a peace treaty had been signed in Europe. About 315 people were killed and about 1,290 were wounded in that battle.

Even speedy communication can bring bad results if messages are not carefully expressed. In 1945, near the end of World War II, the United States and its allies sent radio messages to Japan warning that the Japanese faced "prompt and utter destruction" if they did not surrender. Japanese officials intended to answer that they would withhold comment until they had more time to think about the message. Instead, they replied with a word that meant they would ignore the warning. If a different reply had been chosen, the United States might not have dropped atomic bombs on the Japanese cities of Hiroshima and Nagasaki. About 132,000 men, women, and children were dead or missing after the blasts, which some people believe happened partly because of this failure of communication.

People often say that communication has made the world grow smaller. The world seemed huge when messages from Europe reached North America only after an ocean voyage of many weeks. Now, radio can transmit a human voice around the world in seconds. Almost as quickly, a person can telephone another person in nearly any country. Communications satellites have made worldwide TV broadcasting possible. Viewers at home can watch events on another continent, such as a Nobel Prize ceremony or the signing of a treaty.

3. Sport and Leisure

Task 1. Complete each sentence with a word from the list. Use each word once only.

handlebars racket rope glasses net costume
whistle saddle gloves rod club ice

- a. When Brende entered the swimming competition she bought a new _____.
- b. I learned to ride a horse without a _____.
- c. Gemma tried to hit the golf-ball with her _____, but missed it.
- d. After the tennis match, one of the players jumped over the _____.
- e. Diana's bike crashed into a tree, and she was thrown over the _____.
- f. A mountain-climber's life may depend on their _____.
- g. Open-air skating can be dangerous if the _____ is too thin.
- h. Peter put his _____ in front of his face to protect himself from his opponent's punches.
- i. Suddenly the referee blew his _____ and pointed to the penalty spot.
- j. Skiing can be dangerous if you don't wear dark _____.
- k. I had to play the doubles match with a borrowed _____.
- l. Terry went fishing with the new _____ his parents gave him.

Task 2. Match these words with the comments given.

- a) Catherine dealt, and gave me the ace, king and queen of hearts
- b) You need a small needle, and threads of different colours
- c) I couldn't find ten down, so I looked for words in the dictionary.
- d) Ian glued the parts together wrongly because he didn't read the instructions.
- e) When Ellen is losing, she tries to knock the pieces off the board
- f) The path we want doesn't seem to be on the map
- g) Nigel missed the red, and put the pink in the pocket by mistake
- h) I want to put £50 on 'Ealing Comedy' to win in the 4.30 at York.
- i) These pieces with flowers on all look the same, don't they.
- j) Graham papered the hall while I was painting the doors

- h) Norman won first medal/prize/reward in the cookery competition.
 i) All competitors/rivals/supporters for the relay race should make their way to the track,
 j) The final result was a/an draw/equal/score.
 arranged outdoors record second captain postponed referee side
 champion professionally score spare

Task 4. Replace the word or words underlined in each sentence with a word from the list. Use each word only.

- a) Mary plays tennis as a way of earning her living.
 b) Tomorrow's hockey match has been put off for another time.
 c) In motor racing last year William Green was the best driver of all.
 d) The player with the lowest number of points wins the game.
 e) A match between the Dutch and German teams has been fixed for next month.
 f) I like going swimming in my free time.
 g) Jane Briggs was the runner-up in the 100 metres hurdles,
 h) Who is the player in charge of your football team?
 i) She won all her matches this season, which is a best ever performance.
 j) Charles was sent off for punching the person who controls the match.
 k) We decided to hold this year's dancing competition in the open air.
 l) Everyone agreed that United were the best team.

Task 5. Use the word in capitals at the end of each line to form a word that fits in the space in the same line.

How a hobby can make you angry!

Recently I decided to take up (1) as a hobby. I have PHOTOGRAPH

always taken snapshots, but I have never been very (2) SKILL

My snaps were either a complete (3) .. for FAIL

technical reasons, or were just not very (4) First IMAGINE

I decided that to be (5), I would have to buy new SUCCESS

equipment. Just then I had an (6) piece of good EXPECT

- d) People look bored when I talk about my stamp
- e) Bring your racket and I'll meet you at the tennis
- f) Because Bill wears a scarf everyone thinks he is a football
- g) The school has sold its playing field to a property company.
- h) Violet won half a million pounds on the football
- i) I enjoy walking around the golf course and watching people play.
- j) Every morning I jog round the running track opposite my house.
- k) Steve jumped from the diving board wearing all his clothes!
- l) We stayed on a lovely camp site just outside Paris.

Task 7. Choose the most suitable word or phrase to complete each sentence.

- a) Mary stopped swimming and just floated on the surface.
A) sank B) floated C) dived D) poured
- b) Jack turned the last corner and approached for the finishing line.
A) approached B) arrived C) waited D) headed
- c) David was trying to overtake another cyclist when he crashed.
a) overpass B) overcome C) overtake D) overcharge
- d) You have to chase the person with the ball until you catch them.
A) chase B) rush C) jump D) drop
- e) The fans climbed over the fence to avoid paying.
a) avoid B) prevent C) abandon D) refuse
- f) I fell over while skiing and my sister had to bring a doctor.
a) bring B) take C) fetch D) carry
- g) It's very easy to slide over when the snow is hard.
A) slide B) skid C) skate D) slip
- h) Don't cross the road until all the runners have gone by.
A) pass B) cross C) across D) pass by
- i) The swimmers moved forward as they waited to begin the race.
A) fell B) crawled C) rolled D) leaned
- j) When I was hiking in the mountains I tripped on a snake.
a) tripped B) stepped C) surprised D) carried

Task 8. Complete each sentence with a word from the list. Use each word

Jean worked on her stamp collection while Barry was getting the ...

I didn't get .. from the match till late because of the crowds.

David practised hitting the golf ball until he got it

Kate enjoyed riding the horse but found it hard to get

I tried to phone the tennis club but I couldn't get

We have a great time whenever our rugby team gets

I can't get .. to playing football on plastic grass!

Rewrite the sentences in 8 so that each one contains one of the words in the list, and does not contain a form of get.

Task 9. Rewrite the sentences in 8 so that each one contains one of the words in the list, and does not contain a form of get.

answer dismount perfected strange became home prepare succeed
cooking meets recover way

Task 10. Decide which answer A, B, C or D best fits each space.

Sport

Someone once said that there are three kinds of people who are (1) in sport:

people who (2) part, people who watch, and people who watch (3)

television. It's very easy to make fun of stay-at-home sports (4) , but on the other hand, television does enable us to enjoy all kinds of (5) events. We can watch a racing car (6) another, see a cyclist (7) the finishing line, or enjoy

the goals of our favourite football (8) The first time I watched a tennis

(9) was on television, and I found it (10) interesting. It's not always easy to (11) long distances to football (12) , and television is a good solution.

Of course, you can (13) used to sitting indoors all the time, and this is dangerous. We should all try to (14) fit, and have other interests and (15)

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1) A) playing

2) A) take

B) really
 B) have
 B) with B) centres B) future B) overtake B)and B) class B)it
 B) imaginatively B) tour B)grounds B) which B) make B) habits
 C) interested
 c) make
 C)by
 C) programmes
 C) sports
 c)or
 C) cross
 C)band
 c) which
 C) unexpectedly
 C) pass
 c) teams
 C)get
 c)do
 c) pastimes
 D)succeed D)get D) from D) fans D) athlete D) from
 D) professional
 D) team
 D)that
 D) real
 D) travel
 D) fans
 D)is
 D)have
 D) leisure

Чтение

PART 1 Comprehension check**Task 1. Restore the logical order of the events**

1. Drumbuck village
2. Breakfast at the Leckies
3. Robert's acquaintance with the Leckies
4. The journey from Winton to Lomond View
5. McKellar receives Grandpa and Robert

Task 2. Give extensive answers to the following questions

1. Why did Robert leave Winton?
2. How did Robert and Mama get to Levenford?
3. What house did they stop at?
4. Whom did they meet in the garden?
5. How many relatives did Robert meet?
6. Where did Robert get acquainted with his Great Grandpa?
7. Why did Robert burst into tears speaking with his Great Grandpa?
8. Did Robert like the meal served for dinner? Why?
9. How did Kate look like? Did she resemble Robert's mother?
10. What school did Kate advise to send Robert? Why?
11. Who was Robert sent to sleep with?
12. What did Grandpa explain Robert next morning when he rose?
13. What did Mama bring Grandpa as they finished breakfast?
14. Where did Grandpa and Robert go? Why? Whom did they meet there?
15. What did everybody know about Robert's family?
16. Where did Grandpa and Robert go after they had left McKellar's office?
17. Who did Robert meet at the Drumbuck Arms?
18. What embarrassed Robert?
19. What did Robert find out about Alison Keith?

Task 3. Using the words and word combinations in brackets speak on:

Robert's arrival at Lomond View (to come out of smth, to resemble smth, to have feelings for smth, to be out of train, to be anxious to do smth, to walk to

Robert and Grandpa's first meeting (to prepare a tray, to climb the stairs, to enter a strange, interesting and untidy room, to be unmade, to sit in a big old arm-chair, to write something, to be a tall man, a mane of faintly red hair, to be of the same colour, to be blight blue, the most remarkable thing, a large and red nose, to look like a ripe, enormous strawberry, to cease to do smth, to turn slowly to look at smb, to stare at each other in silence, a miserable picture, to put the tray down on smth, to eat hurriedly, to lit a pipe, to feel very sorry for oneself, to have a wild longing for sympathy, smb's terrible position, to die of tuberculosis, to carry off smb, to lay a little finger on smb, to look at smb attentively, to change the subject, to be pitiless, to stand up for oneself, to burst into tears, to mention smb's name, to bring smb everybody's sympathy, to receive no sympathy, to stop, to choke, to begin to cough, one of the strongest fits, to be rather proud of smth, to cease, to look at smb expectantly, to win, to be weak, to hear a hand-bell, to make a sign, to take the empty tray, to move ashamed towards the door.

The Shannon's family (a pretty and popular girl, to disgrace oneself, to marry smb, a stranger, to have nothing but high spirits and good looks, to spend happy years, to die of tuberculosis, smb's death, to follow by smth, to be regarded as a just retribution)